

Adaptation of agricultural holdings to the economic environment and to its changes

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ABSTRACT

Agriculture has interrelations with the environment, in sense that takes the necessary resources in order to obtain products. Situation is known, agriculture can contribute to climate protection, if rational practices are made without "pressure" caused by its intensity (excessive concentration of production factors per unit area and caution in their use). Also, through practicing production structures that include branches with adaptability to environmental conditions and respond to changes in the consumption pattern of the population, is also achieved high results in ecologically. Performance in production is a consequence of the fact that, through training, information and consulting, the farmer may have access general, technical, economic and managerial knowledge. Thus, efforts can be made in order to increase the level of perception of phenomena and instruments promoted by agricultural policies, and the "closed" economy can be replaced by elements of agricultural science knowledge. Therefore, the priorities for agriculture in the post-Lisbon agenda (smart, sustainable and socially inclusive) strengthen sustainability. For the purposes of the above, we resorted to setting a specific vegetable farms with plain area from south of Romania, with targeted support to social, environmental and climate change, and the market needs.